

Johann Sebastian Bach
Brandenburg Concerto No. 6
In B $\flat$ Major, BWV 1051

Viola I

This musical score is for the Viola I part of the Brandenburg Concerto No. 6 by Johann Sebastian Bach. It is written in B-flat major (two flats) and 3/8 time. The score consists of seven staves of music, with measure numbers 4, 7, 11, 15, 19, 22, and 25 marked at the beginning of their respective staves. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. There are several trills (tr) and slurs throughout the piece. The score is enclosed in large square brackets at the beginning and end of the first and last staves, respectively.

Harold in Italien.

Symphonie in 4 Sätzen mit einer Solo-Bratsche.

Harold en Italie.

Harold in Italy.

Symphonie en 4 parties, avec un Alto principal. Symphony in 4 parts with a Viola-Solo.

Viola-Solo.

1041

L'exécutant doit être placé sur l'avant-scène, près du public et isolé de l'orchestre.

Der Spieler muss im Vordergrund stehen, nahe beim Publikum und isoliert vom Orchester.

The player must stand in the fore-ground, near to the public and isolated from the orchestra.

I.

Harold in den Bergen.

Scenen der Melancholie, des Glückes und der Freude.

Harold aux Montagnes.

Harold in the Mountains.

Scènes de mélancolie, de bonheur et de joie. Scenes of melancholy, happiness and joy.

Adagio. (♩ = 76)

H. Berlioz, Op. 16.

The musical score is written for Viola Solo and Arpa. It begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is Adagio, with a metronome marking of 76 beats per minute. The score is divided into measures, with some measures numbered 13, 16, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. The Viola Solo part is marked with a box labeled 'Solo.' and 'mf espress. e largamente'. The Arpa part is marked with 'Arpa.' and 'mf'. The score includes various dynamics such as *ppp*, *p cresc.*, *sf*, *p dim.*, *pp*, *cresc.*, *sf*, *poco rit.*, *Tempo I.*, *pp*, *dim.*, and *ppp*. The score also includes trills (*tr*) and triplets (*3*). The score ends with a measure numbered 4 and a dynamic marking of *mf*.

aussi doux que possible presque rien.
So zart als möglich, kaum hörbar.
As softly as possible-scarcely audible.

BERLIOZ HAROLD IN ITALY
#2

Viola-Solo.

Solo.

6

p *cresc. poco a poco*

12 *ff* Fl. 13 14

Solo.

espress.

riten. **Tempo I.**

cresc. molto *sf* *mf espress.*

espress. *p* *f*

f *mf*

1 3 2

mf *f* *mf* *pp*

ALTOS

1 Alto seul **7** Posément archet

mp *f*

sf — *douloureux*

avec les autres
Tous DIV.

8 archet *f* *tr* *pizz.* *p* *pizz.* *UNIS.* *f* *10*

pizz. *p* *sf* *p* **9** archet

10 Même temps $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$ *pp*

ALTOS

V. Le jardin féérique

Lent et grave

pp *poco cresc.* *p*

1

2

1 ALTO SOLO *mf expressif*

3

3

1

SOLO TOUS DIV. arco *f* *mf*

TOUS pizz. *p*

4 Retenu au Mouvt 2 *pp*

Viola.

Mässig. 4 13 13 14 Maggiore. (Sancho Panza.)

Don Quixote, der Ritter von der traurigen Gestalt.

Bass-Clar.

Solo-Bratsche.

mf *pp* (lebhaft) *f*

Solo. Tutti. pizz. *p* *pespress.*

Solo. *mf* 16 *p*

poco ritard. Var. I. Gemächlich. 3 *pp* *Voello.*

Bass Clar. Solo Bratsche. *mf* 17 1 *p* 1 *cresc.*

18 3 Alle mit Dämpfern *pp* 19 *dim.* *mf*

The image shows a page of a musical score for the Viola part of Strauss's 'Don Quixote'. The score is written on ten staves. The first staff is a single line, while the subsequent staves are grand staves (treble and bass clef). The music is in 4/4 time and the key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and triplets. Dynamics like *mf* (mezzo-forte), *pp* (pianissimo), *f* (forte), and *dim.* (diminuendo) are indicated. Performance instructions such as 'Mässig.' (moderate), 'Maggiore' (increased), 'Solo', 'Tutti', 'pizz.' (pizzicato), 'pespress.' (pressing), 'poco ritard.' (slightly ritardando), 'Var. I. Gemächlich.' (Variation I, slowly), and 'Alle mit Dämpfern' (all with mutes) are present. Measure numbers 4, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19 are marked. The score is for the Viola, as indicated by the section header at the top.

Viola.

Var. III.
Müssiges Zeitmass.
pizz. arco

2 *pp* 3

Solo-Viol.

26 Solo. *C* Saite nach *h* herunterstimmen.
mf Die Uebrigen.

1 *cresc.* 1

3 *p* *mf*

27 *cresc.* *pp* *cresc.* *accel.* 3 3 3

28 Früheres Zeitmass.
mf *cresc.* *ff* 2 2 Bass Clar.

Viola.

29 *etwas drängend* *f* *cresc.*

lebhaft *ff* *f* *ff* *pizz.*

This musical score is for the Viola part of Strauss's Don Quixote. It consists of two systems of music. The first system begins with measure 29, marked with a bracket and the tempo instruction 'etwas drängend' (somewhat pushing). The music is in 3/8 time and features a melodic line in the upper staff and a supporting line in the lower staff. The dynamics are marked 'f' (forte) and 'cresc.' (crescendo). The second system continues the music, marked with the tempo instruction 'lebhaft' (lively). It features a more complex texture with multiple melodic lines in both staves. The dynamics are marked 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'pizz.' (pizzicato). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/8.

Viola.

Solo. 3 3 3 3

tutti *ff* *ff* *mf*

p arco *pp* *pp*

30 *p* *mf* *p*

31 *f* *mf*

32 *f*

33 *ff* *ff* *ff* *p*

34 *mf* pizz. *dim.* *arco* 1 4

dreifach *p* *dim.*

Beethoven — Symphony No. 5

Viola

Andante con moto ♩ = 92

p dolce

8 *p* *f* *p* *p* *cresc. f* *p* *f* *p*

Viol. II

23 *pp* *ff* **A**

31 *sempre ff* *f* *f*

37 *pp* *sempre p* *cresc. f* *f* *p dolce*

51 *f* *p* *cresc. f*

Beethoven — Symphony No. 5

Viola

5

59 *p* *p* *cresc. f* *p* *f* *p*

72 *dolce* *pp*

77 *ff* [B]

82 *f* *f*

87 *pp* *sempre pp* *cresc. f* *ff* *p dolce*

100

104 *pp* *pizz.*

Mahler — Symphony No. 9 in D Major

VIOLA.

IV. ADAGIO.

Sehr langsam und noch zurückhaltend.

Plötzlich wieder sehr langsam (*wie zu Anfang*) und etwas zögernd. *6* Solo. *mp* *espress.* *6* Etwas (*aber unmerklich*) drängend. *2* *pp* *3*

Molto *adagio* subito. *pp* nicht *espress.* *ff* *ff*

Pesante. *rit.* *a tempo* *ff* *espress.* *ff*

Molto *adagio.* *ff*

Etwas (*unmerklich*) drängend. *sf* *molto cresc.* *pp* Wieder altes Tempo. *1* *2*

pp subito *dolcissimo* *morendo*

pp *ppp* *dolcissimo* *19* *ff*

durchaus nicht eilend.

VIOLA.

Scherzo.

Allegro vivace.

Nº 1. 16

p
cresc.
cresc.
sf
sf
p
sf
sf
p
pp
p
D
21

Shostakovich - Symphony 5
Mvt. 1

5 15

p espress.

16

17

This musical score snippet shows three staves of music. The first staff is in bass clef and contains measures 15 and 16. Measure 15 begins with a fermata over a whole note, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure 16 continues with a melodic line. The second staff is in treble clef and contains measure 16, which continues the melodic line from the first staff. The third staff is in bass clef and contains measure 17, which begins with a melodic line. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. A large bracket is placed to the left of measures 15 and 16, and another large bracket is placed to the left of measure 17.

Symphonie Concertante

für
Violine und Viola
von

W. A. Mozart.

Viola.

Allegro maestoso.

Tutti.

sfp sfp f f f

p

f

p

fp fp p fp fp p

cresc. f

p

Solo

p

Tutti.

f p

C 4

Edition Peters.

3

Edition Peters.

Viola.

5

V

1

1

1

Tutti.

f

cresc.

tr

tr

1

Cadenza.

1

Adagio.

sf

sf

sf

p

Tutti.

f

f

КВАРТЕТ

для 2х скрипок, альта и виолончели

QUATUOR

pour instruments à cordes

Viola

I

Allegro moderato. Très doux $\text{♩} = 120$

МОРИС РАВЕЛЬ
MAURICE RAVEL
(1875 - 1937)

p soutenu *pp*

pp *cresc. poco a poco* *p* *f*

express. p *diminuendo*

1 *pp* léger

p *express. et en dehors* *mf*

mf *p* *pp*

accelerando **2** *Allegro*

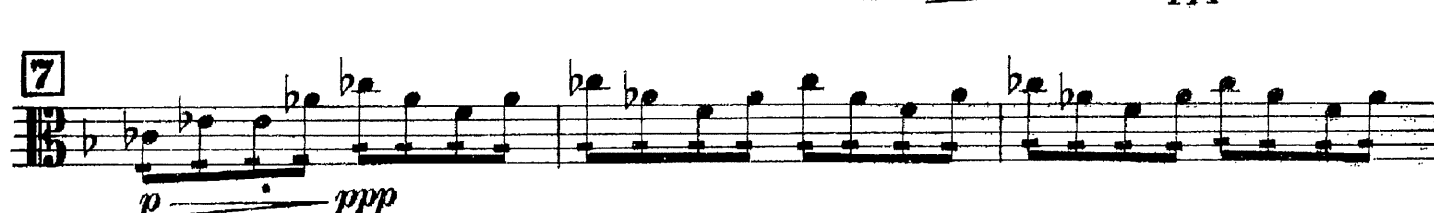
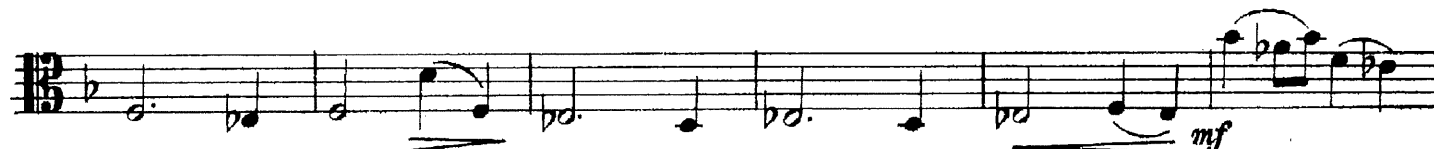
ff *mf*

cédez **3** *Tempo I* *p* *mp*

p *sf* **4** *suivez* *1*

Viola

a tempo



Viola

8 *p* *expressif*
pizz.
mp

arco
mf
p
accelerando poco a poco

crescendo subito
poco a poco
Poco meno vivo
ff
fff
poco rit.
un poco dim.
f

9

10 *Tempo I*
rit.
mf
mp
pp
pp
pp
crescendo
p
mf
pp *expr.*

1

26660

Viola

11 *p express. p diminuendo* *pp léger*
pp express. et en dehors *p*
mf *mf* *p* *accelerando*
 12 *p* *pp*
Allegro
ff *pizz.* *arco* *V*
cédez *Tempo I* *p*
 13 *mp* *pp* *rit. a tempo*
p sub. *pp très express.*
 14 *p* *cédez léger* *un peu plus* *pp*

Viola

lento rall. jusqu'a la fin

3 *mp* *mf*

Lento rall. pizz.

pp *p* *ppp*

